

Code of Corporate Governance

Scope of Responsibility

Exeter City Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently, and effectively. The Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, the Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs, facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, including arrangements for the management of risk.

The Council has approved and adopted a Code of Corporate Governance, which is consistent with the principles of Delivering Good Governance in Local Government (CIPFA/Solace 2016). This statement explains how Exeter City Council has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015, paragraph 4(3), which required all relevant bodies to prepare an Annual Governance Statement.

The Code of Governance sets out the seven principles of good governance and the arrangements the Council has put in place to meet each of these principles:

1. Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the law.
2. Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement.
3. Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits.
4. Determining interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes.
5. Developing the Council's capacity. Including the capability of its leadership and individuals within it.
6. Managing risk and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management.
7. Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting and audit to deliver effective accountability.

A copy of the Council's code is available on our website.

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The Purpose of the Governance Framework

The governance framework comprises the systems, processes, culture and values, by which the authority is directed and controlled together with activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads the community. It enables the authority to monitor the achievement of its purposes and to consider whether those purposes have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost-effective services.

The Council's system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can, therefore, only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. There is an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise risks to the achievement of Council policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood and impact of those risks being realised and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The governance framework has been in place at Exeter City Council for the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of the approval of the annual statement of accounts.

The Governance Framework

The Council's Governance Framework addresses the way the Council is controlled and managed, both strategically and operationally, and how it will deliver its services. The Framework recognises that the Council's business is focused upon its corporate priorities and seeks to facilitate delivery to our local communities of the goals set out in the Council's Corporate Plan 2022-26. The structures and processes, risk management and other internal control systems, such as standards of conduct, form part of this Framework, which is about managing the barriers to achieving the Council's objectives.

The local Code of Corporate Governance is reviewed annually through the Audit and Governance Committee and was last reviewed and recommended for approval by Council on 24 July 2024. Members and senior officers are responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of the Council's affairs and the stewardship of the resources at its disposal. This task is managed by the Strategic Management Board (SMB) which comprises the Chief Executive and Strategic Directors including the Section 151 Officer.

The Council has designed systems and processes to regulate, monitor and control its activities in order to achieve its vision and objectives. The Code of Corporate Governance sets out the controls in full.

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The key elements of the Governance Framework

Role of Governance Arrangements

The Council operates Executive governance arrangements, which consist of Executive and Scrutiny function. All Executive members have been allocated a specific portfolio and are responsible for driving forward the Council's key strategic aims.

The Council has a constitution which sets out how the Authority operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that decisions are efficient, transparent, and accountable to local people. This was approved in (insert date) and will be kept under review throughout the year.

Role of the Council

Council

- Comprises 39 elected Members (Councillors)
- Approves the Council's Corporate Strategy, Policy and Budgetary Framework
- Approves the Constitution
- Appoints to Committees, Sub-Committees and Outside Bodies

Role of Executive

Executive

- The Executive is responsible for most of the day to day decisions of the Council which are not delegated to officers. It is made up of the Leader of the Council and Portfolio Holders who have responsibilities for various service areas. It develops policies and strategies for approval by Council, exercises overall control of resources within the Council's policies and budget, and recommends the level of council tax to the Council. It also considers any matters specifically referred by a Scrutiny Committee

The Executive now regularly considers strategic risk registers, performance, complaints and other items which make up the governance framework. Scrutiny Committee are sighted on the Executive's work plan and may consider as appropriate. The Executive provides strategic leadership to the authority and is held to account by the Council's Scrutiny Committees.

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Role of Scrutiny

Scrutiny

- Not a decision-making body but seek to influence policies and decisions prior to them being made
- Have the ability to challenge/review decisions by calling them in
- Can investigate issues of public importance

The role that Scrutiny can play in holding an authority's decision-makers to account makes it fundamentally important to the successful functioning of local democracy. Effective scrutiny helps secure the efficient delivery of public services and drives improvements within the authority itself.

Role of Audit and Governance Committee

Audit & Governance

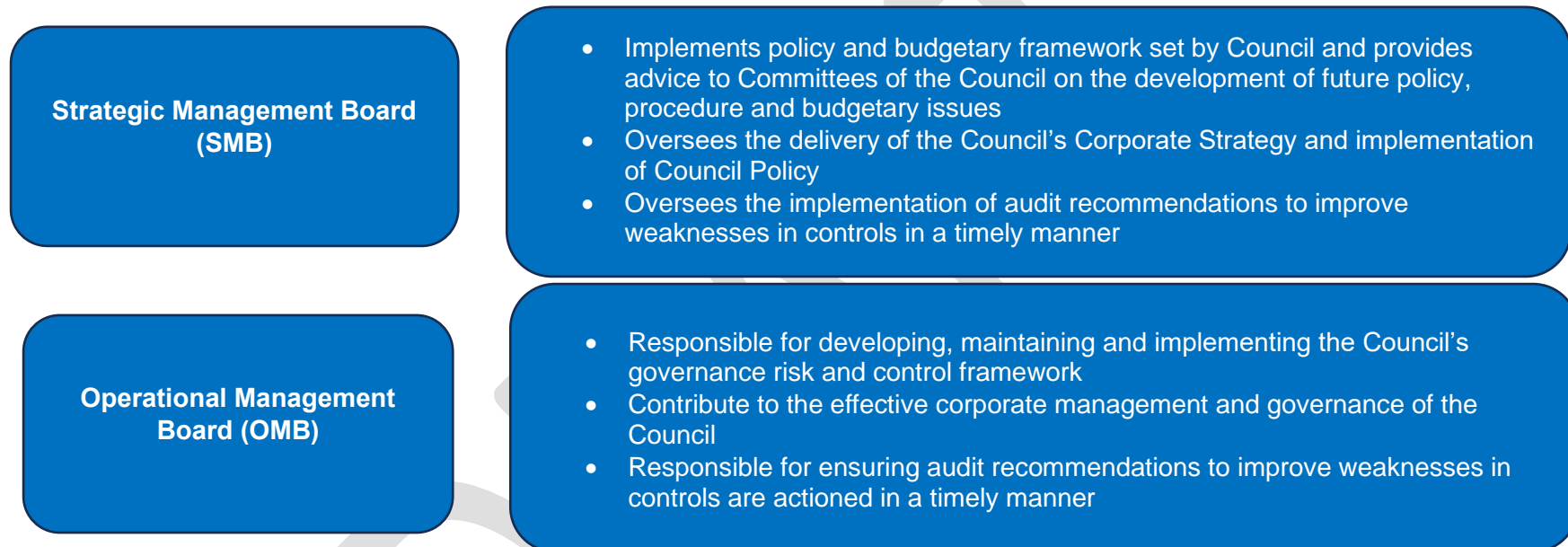
- To provide independent assurance to the Council on the adequacy and effectiveness of the governance arrangements, risk management framework and internal control environment
- Approves the Annual Governance Statement and the Statement of Accounts
- To promote high standards of member conduct

The Committee meets with the external and internal auditor to discuss findings in the Annual Audit Management Letter and Reports and the Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Council's system for internal control is sound by reviewing control mechanisms, and guidelines (both internal and external) as well as adherence to these, ensuring continued probity and good governance of the Council's operations.

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Role of Management

The Authority has two layers of management and its management teams each play an important role in maintaining the governance framework.



The Strategic management Board ("SMB") comprising the Chief Executive and Strategic Directors meet weekly and focus on strategic issues, projects and programs and the health of the organisation.

The Operational Management Board ("OMB") comprises all service managers and they meet monthly to consider operational service issues and ensure compliance with corporate matters, such as performance, risk registers, compliance.

The Extended Leadership Team ("ELT") comprising SMB and OMB meet regularly and focus on both the Council's strategic direction, leadership and organisational development.

All Strategic Directors meet with the Heads of Service in their respective Directorates to consider specific service matters regularly.

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Role of Statutory Officers

Head of Paid Service

- Overall Corporate management and operational responsibility for the Council, including overall management responsibility for all employees
- The Head of Paid Service will determine how the Council's functions are discharged, the Council's structure, the number and grade of officers required to discharge those functions
- The provision of professional advice to all parties in the decision making process and responsibility for a system of record keeping for all the council's decisions
- Proper Officer for Access to Information

Section 151 Officer

- Accountable for developing and maintaining the Council's governance, risks and control framework
- Ensuring lawfulness and financial prudence of decision making and the administration of financial affairs
- Providing advice to all Councillors' on the scope of powers and authority to take decisions, maladministration, financial impropriety, probity and budget and policy framework issues
- Support and advise Councillors in their respective roles
- Contributes to the effective corporate management and governance of the Council

Monitoring Officer (MO)

- Monitoring, reviewing and maintaining the Constitution
- Ensuring lawfulness and fairness of decision making
- Supporting the Audit & Governance Committee by conducting investigations and/or undertaking other action in respect of matters referred by the Committee
- Advising whether decisions are in accordance with the Constitution
- Providing advice to all Councillors on the scope of powers and authority to take decisions, maladministration, financial impropriety, probity and budget and policy framework issues
- Support and advise Councillors in their respective roles
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The three statutory officers; the Head of Paid Service (the Chief Executive), the Monitoring Officer (Head of Service – Legal & Democratic) and Section 151 Officer (Strategic Director for Corporate Resources) fulfil the statutory duties associated with their roles as detailed above.

The Council's financial management arrangements conform to the governance requirements as set out in the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government (2016).

The Council formally reviews its Financial Procedure Rules on a regular basis. On-going updates are implemented as part of the regular reviews of the Constitution.

Role of Southwest Audit Partnership

Internal Audit (South West Audit Partnership)

- Provides independent assurance and opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's risk management and control framework
- Delivers an annual program of risk-based audit activity, including counter fraud and investigation activity and makes recommendations for the improvement in the management of risk and control

The Southwest Audit partnership is responsible for monitoring the quality and effectiveness of systems of internal control. The Council has delegated its Internal Audit function to Southwest Audit partnership. Internal Audit undertakes its work in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Practice for Internal Audit in the United Kingdom and the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

A risk model is used to formulate an annual audit work plan, progress against which is reviewed each quarter by Senior Leadership Team and the Audit & Governance Committee. The reporting process for Internal Audit requires a report of each audit to be submitted to the relevant Director and Service Lead as well as the Section 151 Officer.

The reports include an independent opinion on the adequacy of the applicable internal controls, audit findings and recommendations for improvements with an agreed timescale for implementation.

Progress against recommendations is followed up by Internal Audit and reported to Audit and Governance Committee at each meeting throughout the year.

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The Internal Audit Annual Report 2023/24 was considered by the Audit and Standards Committee in July 2024. Internal Audit's opinion overall, based on all Internal Audit work during the year is that Satisfactory Assurance can be given over the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's control environment for 2023/24.

Role of External Audit

The current external auditors are Grant Thornton. External Auditors audit the financial statements and provide an audit opinion on whether the financial statements of the Council give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2024 and of the income and expenditure for the year then ended. An unqualified opinion was issued in February 2025.

External auditors also consider whether the Council has put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency, effectiveness on its use of resources.

This Annual Governance Statement for 2023/24 is the latest accountability statement for governance.

Role of Risk Management

A robust risk management framework is an integral part of operational service delivery and the decision-making process. The Council has a Performance and Risk Management Framework in place which provides visibility and assurance that there is a robust approach to managing performance and risk. An up to date and regularly reviewed Risk Management Policy and Strategy is maintained. This requires that both Directorate and Strategic Risk Registers are maintained with appropriate action plans to mitigate and manage identified risks. The strategic risk registers are reviewed and updated at the SMB Team as appropriate.

Responsibility for assessing the adequacy of the risk management process sits with the Audit and Governance Committee. Review of the risks and the implementation of mitigating controls included in the Corporate Risk Register (CRR) is undertaken by the Executive as owners of the CRR, this is done on a quarterly basis. The Council's Strategic Management Board (SMB) are responsible for constantly reviewing the risks being posed to the Council

Heads of Service monitor risks at operational level and feedback any issues to their Strategic Director. Any significant risks, at operational level, that could impact the Council corporately are escalated to the CRR. The administrative support for the CRR process is provided by the Executive Office Manager.

To ensure that risk is considered when decisions are made, all reports presented to Members must include a risk assessment of the actions or implications within the report. This assessment also covers legal and financial considerations. Risk assessments are also put in place as part of the Council's Project Management process.

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The Strategic Risk Register is reported to the Executive to ensure those agreeing and implementing policy decisions, do so in knowledge of the context of the risks being faced by the Council.

Review of effectiveness

The Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by:

- ✓ The work of the Strategic Management Board who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment.
- ✓ The work of Executive who are responsible for considering overall financial and performance management and receive comprehensive reports throughout the year.
- ✓ The work of Customer Focus and Strategic Scrutiny Committees who monitor the overall financial performance of the Council.
- ✓ The work of the Audit & Governance Committee who monitor the standards of conduct of Members, effectiveness of risk management, the work of Internal Audit and the system of internal control.
- ✓ The Section 151 Officer who is responsible for delivering and overseeing the financial management of the Council.
- ✓ The Monitoring Officer who provides assurance that the Council has complied with its statutory and regulatory obligations.
- ✓ Annual reviews of the Council's key financial and non-financial systems by Internal Audit against known and evolving risks which are reported on a quarterly basis to the Audit & Governance Committee.
- ✓ Annual reviews of the Council's financial accounts and records by the External Auditors leading to their opinion as published in the year-end statements.
- ✓ Ongoing reviews of strategic and operational risks in each service area and the conduct of risk analysis and management in respect of major projects undertaken by the Council.
- ✓ Reviews and, where appropriate, updates of the Council's Constitution including Financial Regulations and Standing Orders
- ✓ Comments made by other review agencies and inspectorates.

Financial Management Arrangements

The Council's financial management arrangements conform with the governance requirements of the CIPFA "Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government" (2010) as set out in the "Application Note to Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework" and with the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Head of Internal Audit in Public Service Organisations. The Section 151 Officer is a member of the Council's Strategic Management Board.

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Internal Audit

The Internal Audit Service is provided by South West Audit Partnership and is managed and delivered in accordance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) which were introduced in April 2013. It is a requirement of the standards that an independent external review of Internal Audit's compliance with PSIAS is undertaken every five years. This external review was completed in December 2024 when the external assessor concluded that:

"It is our overall opinion that SWAP **generally conforms** to the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS), including the *Definition of Internal Auditing*, the *Code of Ethics* and the *Standards*."

Based on the assurance work undertaken by Internal Audit, the Audit Manager has provided an opinion on the adequacy of the control environment as part of the Annual Internal Audit Report which concluded that the key systems are operating soundly and that there are no fundamental breakdowns of controls resulting in material discrepancy.

External Audit

The Council's external auditor (Grant Thornton) has not yet issued a certificate of completion in respect of 2020/21, although all necessary audit work has been completed. With regards to 2021/22, 2022/23 and 2023/24 again Grant Thornton has not yet issued a certificate of completion, but all work has been completed and an audit opinion has been issued for each year.

Corporate Complaints

During 2023-24, 23 corporate complaints were received compared to 14 in 2022-23. Of the 23 complaints received, 17 were dealt with at Stage 1, 6 were dealt with at stage 2 and there are no complaints waiting to be resolved. There were multiple complaints in the year relating to the same issues, which contributed to the increase.

Performance Management

Performance management of individual services, for example building control, planning and waste management has been developed in our Power BI dashboards. The scope of these dashboards continues to expand and the reports enable accessible, visible data and analytics to support managers in monitoring performance. A review of the priorities and objectives in the corporate plan will be undertaken shortly following the

appointment of the new Chief Executive. When completed a performance framework will be introduced to enable reporting and monitoring of performance across key areas of the council.

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